

BOCK® HG44e/HG56e

Operating guide

HG44e/475-4
HG44e/565-4
HG44e/665-4
HG44e/770-4

HG44e/475-4 S
HG44e/565-4 S
HG44e/665-4 S
HG44e/770-4 S

HGX44e/475-4
HGX44e/565-4
HGX44e/665-4
HGX44e/770-4

HGX44e/475-4 S
HGX44e/565-4 S
HGX44e/665-4 S
HGX44e/770-4 S

HG56e/850-4
HG56e/995-4
HG56e/1155-4

HG56e/850-4 S
HG56e/995-4 S
HG56e/1155-4 S

HGX56e/850-4
HGX56e/995-4
HGX56e/1155-4

HGX56e/850-4 S
HGX56e/995-4 S
HGX56e/1155-4 S

About these instructions

Read these instructions before assembly and before using the compressor. This will avoid misunderstandings and prevent damage. Improper assembly and use of the compressor can result in serious or fatal injury.

Observe the safety instructions contained in these instructions.

These instructions must be passed onto the end customer along with the unit in which the compressor is installed.

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1| Safety

1.1 Identification of safety instructions:



DANGER

Indicates a dangerous situation which, if not avoided, will cause immediate fatal or serious injury.



WARNING

Indicates a dangerous situation which, if not avoided, may cause fatal or serious injury.



CAUTION

Indicates a dangerous situation which, if not avoided, may cause fairly severe or minor injury.



ATTENTION

Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, may cause property damage.



INFO

Important information or tips on simplifying work.

GB

1.2 Qualifications required of personnel



WARNING

Inadequately qualified personnel poses the risk of accidents, the consequence being serious or fatal injury. Work on compressors is therefore reserved for personnel which is qualified to work on pressurized refrigerant systems:

- For example, a refrigeration technician, refrigeration mechatronic engineer. As well as professions with comparable training, which enables personnel to assemble, install, maintain and repair refrigeration and air-conditioning systems. Personnel must be capable of assessing the work to be carried out and recognising any potential dangers.

1| Safety

1.3 General safety instructions



WARNING

Risk of accidents.

Refrigerating compressors are pressurised machines and as such call for heightened caution and care in handling.

The maximum permissible overpressure must not be exceeded, even for testing purposes.

Risk of burns!

- Depending on the operating conditions, surface temperatures of over 60°C on the discharge side or below 0°C on the suction side can be reached.

- Avoid contact with refrigerant necessarily.

Contact with refrigerant can cause severe burns and skin damage.

1.4 Intended use



WARNING

The compressor may not be used in potentially explosive environments!

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These assembly instructions describe the standard version of the compressor named in the title manufactured by Bock. Bock refrigerating compressors are intended for installation in a machine (within the EU according to the EU Directives 2006/42/EC Machinery Directive, 2014/68/EU Pressure Equipment Directive).

Commissioning is permissible only if the compressor has been installed in accordance with these assembly instructions and the entire system into which it is integrated has been inspected and approved in accordance with legal regulations.

The compressors are intended for use in refrigeration systems in compliance with the limits of application.

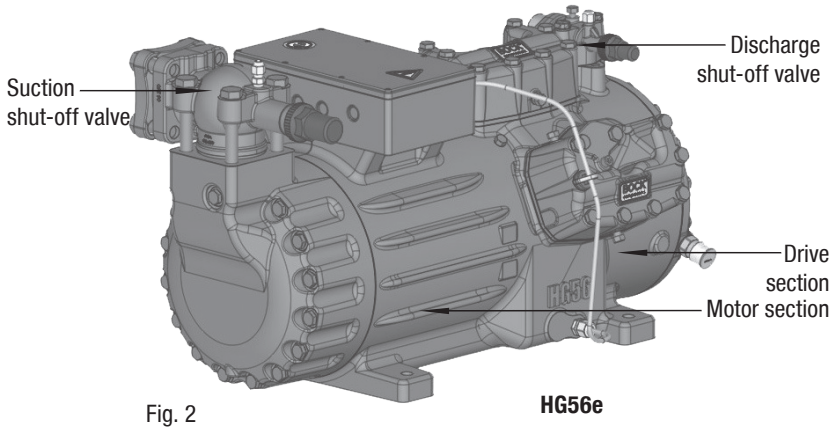
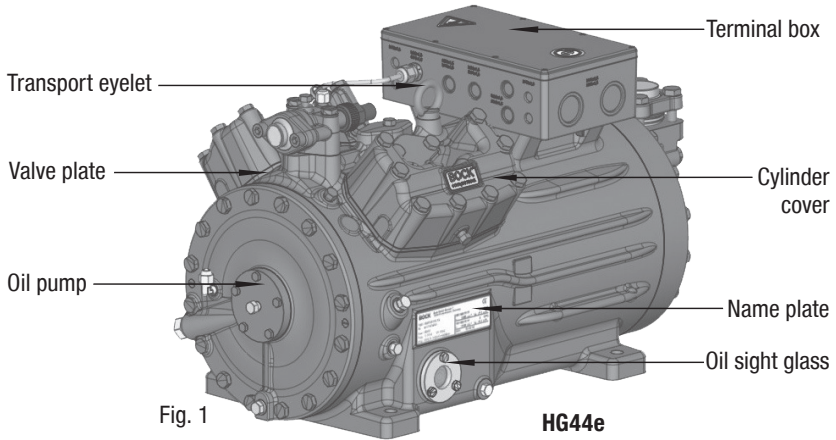
Only the refrigerant specified in these instructions may be used.

Any other use of the compressor is prohibited!

2 | Product description

2.1 Short description

- **HG44e:** Semi-hermetic four-cylinder reciprocating compressor with suction-gas cooled drive motor.
- **HG56e:** Semi-hermetic six-cylinder reciprocating compressor with suction-gas cooled drive motor.
- Preferred application range: normal refrigerating and air-conditioning.



Dimension and connection values can be found in Chapter 10

2 | Product description

2.2 Name plate (example)

BOCK			
1	Typ : HGX44e/770-4 S	380-420 V Y/YY	-3- 50HZ
2	Nr . : AV12345A001	n : 1450 min ⁻¹	V _{th} : 67,0 m ³ /h
3	I _{max} : 35,0 A	440-480 V Y/YY	-3- 60HZ
4	I _{block} . Y: 101 A YY: 174 A	n : 1740 min ⁻¹	V _{th} : 80,4 m ³ /h
5	P _{max} : ND(LP) / HD(HP)=19/28 bar	IP65	Öl: BOCK lub E55

Fig. 3

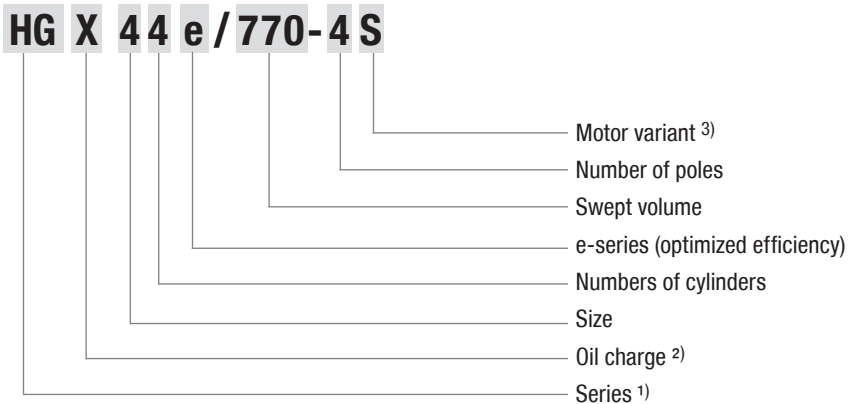
1	Type designation	6	Voltage, circuit, frequency
2	Machine number	7	Nominal rotation speed } 50 Hz
3	maximum operating current	8	Displacement
4	Starting current (rotor blocked)	9	Voltage, circuit, frequency
	Y: Part winding 1	10	Nominal rotation speed } 60 Hz
	YY: Part windings 1 and 2	11	Displacement
5	ND (LP): max. admissible operating pressure (g) Low pressure side	12	Oil type filled at the factory
	HD (HP): max. admissible operating pressure (g) High pressure side	13	Terminal box protection type

i Observe the limits of application diagrams!

i Electrical accessories can change the IP protection class!

GB

2.3 Type key (example)



- 1) HG - Hermetic Gas-Cooled (suction gas-cooled)
- 2) X - Ester oil charge (HFC refrigerant, e.g. R134a, R404A/R507, R407C, R407F)
- 3) S - More powerful motor, e.g. for air-conditioning applications

3 | Areas of application

3.1 Refrigerants

- HFKW / HFC: R134a, R404A/R507, R407C, R407F
- (H)FCKW / (H)CFC: R22

3.2 Oil charge

- The compressors are filled at the factory with the following oil type:
 - für R134a, R404A/R507, R407C, R407F **BOCK** lub E55
 - für R22 **BOCK** lub A46

Compressors with ester oil charge (**BOCK** lub E55) are marked with an X in the type designation (e.g. HGX44e/770-4).



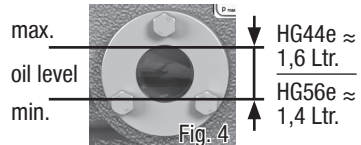
INFO

For refilling, we recommend the above oil types.
Alternatives: see lubricants table, Chapter 7.4



ATTENTION

The oil level must be in the visible part of the sight glass; damage to the compressor is possible if overfilled or underfilled!



GB

3.3 Limits of application



ATTENTION

Compressor operation is possible within the operating limits. These can be found in Bock Compressor selection tool (VAP) under vap.bock.de. Observe the information given there.

- Permissible ambient temperature (-20°C) - (+60°C)
- Max. permissible discharge end temperature 140°C.
- Max. permissible switching frequency 12x /h.
- A minimum running time of 3 min. steady-state condition (continuous operation) must be achieved.

For operation with supplementary cooling:

- Use only oils with high thermal stability.
- Avoid continuous operation near the threshold.

For operation with capacity regulator:

- Continuous operation, when the capacity regulator is activated, is not permissible and can cause damage to the compressor.
- The suction gas superheat temperature may need to be reduced or set individually when operating near to the threshold.
- When the capacity regulator is activated, the gas velocity in the system can not under certain circumstances ensure that sufficient oil is transported back to the compressor.

For operation with frequency converter:

- The maximum current and power consumption must not be exceeded. In the case of operation above the mains frequency, the application limit can therefore be limited.

(For more on the subject of frequency converters, see chapter 5.10, p. 24)

3 | Areas of application



ATTENTION When operating in the vacuum range, there is a danger of air entering on the suction side. This can cause chemical reactions, a pressure rise in the condenser and an elevated compressed-gas temperature. Prevent the ingress of air at all costs!

**Maximum admissible
operating pressure (g)
(LP/HP)¹⁾: 19/28 bar**

¹⁾ LP = Low pressure
HP = High pressure

GB

4 | Compressor assembly



INFO

New compressors are factory-filled with inert gas. Leave this service charge in the compressor for as long as possible and prevent the ingress of air. Check the compressor for transport damage before starting any work.

4.1 Storage and transport



- Storage at (-30°C) - (+70°C), maximum permissible relative humidity 10% - 95%, no condensation
- Do not store in a corrosive, dusty, vaporous atmosphere or in a combustible environment.



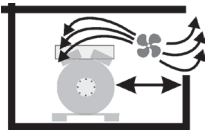
- Use transport eyelet.
- Do not lift manually!
- Use lifting gear!

4.2 Setting up



ATTENTION

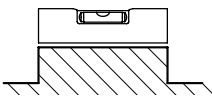
Attachments (e.g. pipe holders, additional units, fastening parts, etc.) directly to the compressor are not permissible!



- Provide adequate clearance for maintenance work.
- Ensure adequate compressor ventilation.



- Do not use in a corrosive, dusty, damp atmosphere or a combustible environment.



- Setup on an even surface or frame with sufficient load-bearing capacity.
- Single compressor preferably on vibration damper.
- Duplex and parallel circuits always rigid.



- Sun protection: If the compressor is set up outdoors, it has to be protected from direct sunlight.

4 | Compressor assembly

4.3 Pipe connections



ATTENTION **Damage possible.**
Superheating can damage the valve.
Remove the pipe supports from the valve for soldering.
Only solder using inert gas to inhibit oxidation products (scale).

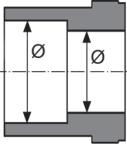


Fig. 5: graduated internal diameter

- The **pipe connections** have graduated inside diameters so that pipes with standart millimetre and inch dimensions can be used.
- The connection diameters of the shut-off valves are rated for maximum compressor output. **The actual required pipe cross section must be matched to the output. The same applies for non-return valves.**

4.4 Pipes

- Pipes and system components must be clean and dry inside and free of scale, swarf and layers of rust and phosphate. Only use air-tight parts.
- Lay pipes correctly. Suitable vibration compensators must be provided to prevent pipes being cracked and broken by severe vibrations.
- Ensure a proper oil return.
- Keep pressure losses to an absolute minimum.

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4.5 Laying suction and pressure lines



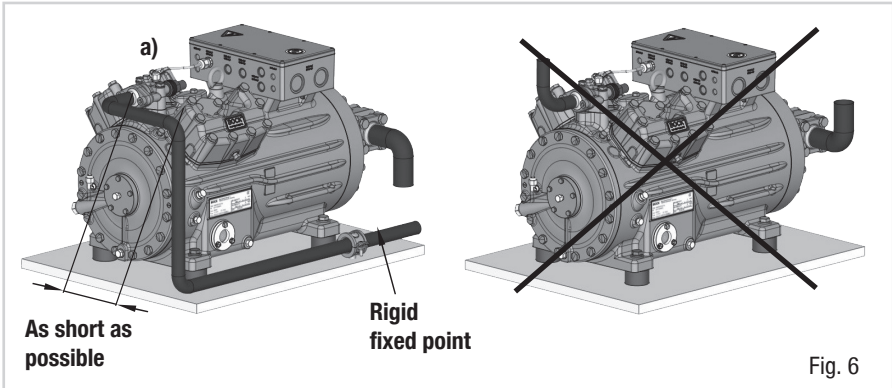
ATTENTION **Improperly installed pipes can cause cracks and tears, the result being a loss of refrigerant.**



INFO **Proper layout of the suction and discharge lines directly after the compressor is integral to the system's smooth running and vibration behaviour.**

4 | Compressor assembly

A rule of thumb: Always lay the first pipe section starting from the shut-off valve **downwards and parallel to the drive shaft**.



- a) For HG44e an intermediate flange (height 27 mm) is optional available, Art-Nr. *097B81194. With this intermediate flange it is possible to lay the pressure line directly from the valve to the left or right.



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* Please note that the legacy BOCK code numbers without 097B

4.6 Operating the shut-off valves

- Before opening or closing the shut-off valve, release the valve spindle seal by approx. $\frac{1}{4}$ of a turn counter-clockwise.
- After activating the shut-off valve, re-tighten the adjustable valve spindle seal clockwise.

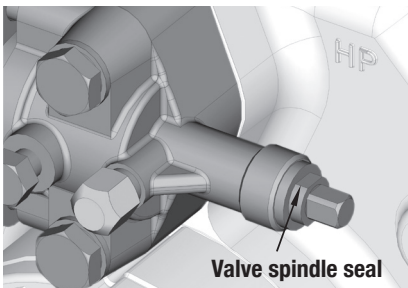


Fig. 7

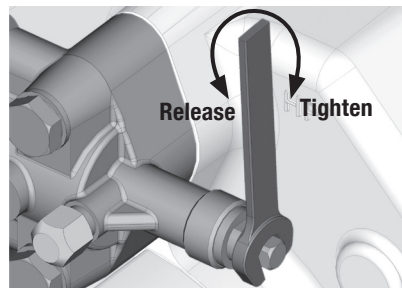
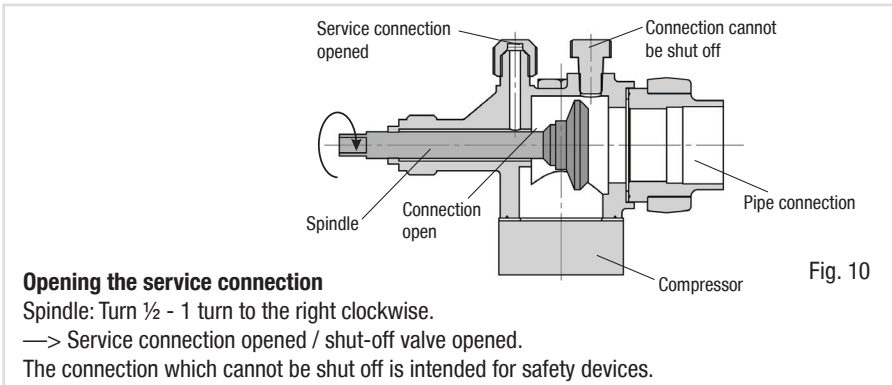
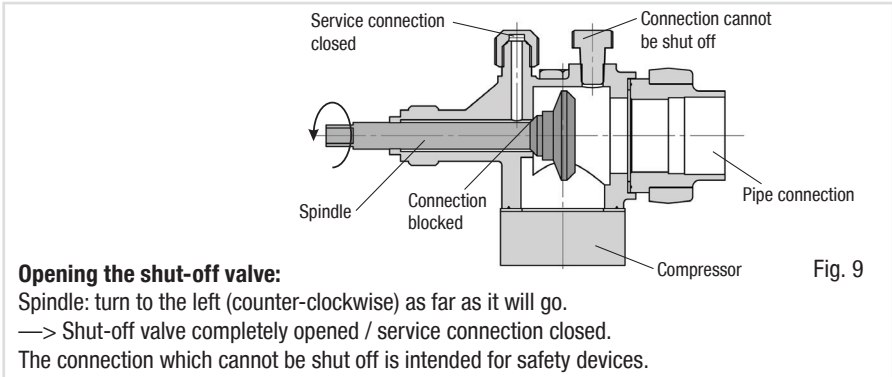


Fig. 8

4 | Compressor assembly

4.7 Operating mode of the lockable service connections



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After activating the spindle, generally fit the spindle protection cap again and tighten with 14-16 Nm. This serves as a second sealing feature during operation.

4.8 Suction pipe filter and filter drier

For systems with long pipes and higher degree of contamination, a filter on the suction-side is recommended. The filter has to be renewed depending on the degree of contamination (reduced pressure loss).

Moisture in the refrigeration circuit can lead to crystal and hydrate formation. For this reason, we recommend using a filter drier and a sight glass with a moisture indicator.

5| Electrical connection

5 Electrical connection



DANGER

Risk of electric shock! High voltage!

Only carry out work when the electrical system is disconnected from the power supply!



ATTENTION

When attaching accessories with an electrical cable, a minimum bending radius of 3 x the cable diameter must be maintained for laying the cable.



INFO

Connect the compressor motor in accordance with the circuit diagram (see inside of terminal box).

- Use suitable cable entry point of the correct protection type (see name plate) for routing cables into the terminal box. Insert the strain reliefs and prevent chafe marks on the cables.
- Compare the voltage and frequency values with the data for the mains power supply.

Only connect the motor if these values are the same.

GB

5.1 Information for contactor and motor contactor selection

All protection equipment, switching and monitoring devices must comply with the local safety regulations and established specifications (e.g. VDE) and regulations as well as the manufacturer's specifications. **Motor protection switches are required!** Motor contactors, feed lines, fuses and motor protection switches must be rated according to the maximum operating current (see name plate). For motor protection, use a current-independent, time-delayed overload protection device for monitoring all three phases. Adjust the overload protection device so that it must be actuated within 2 hours at 1.2 times the maximum working current.

5| Electrical connection

5.2 Standard motor, design for direct or part winding start

Designation on the name plate

Y/YY

Compressors with this marking are suitable for direct or partial winding start. The motor winding is subdivided into two parts: **Part winding 1 = 50% and part winding 2 = 50%**. This winding division reduces the start-up current needed for a part winding start to approx. 50% of that for a direct start.



INFO

A mechanical unloaded start with bypass solenoid valve is not required.

GB

5.3 Basic circuit diagram for part winding start with standard motor

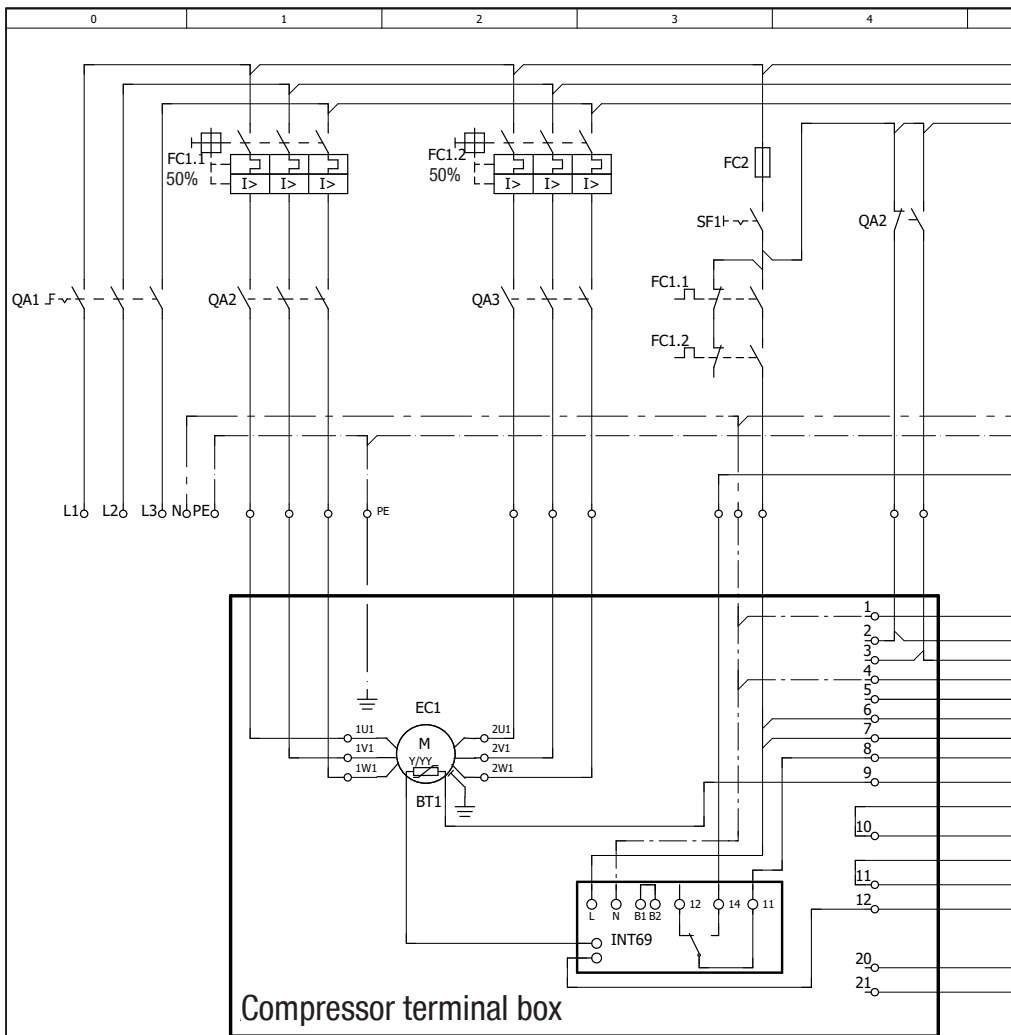
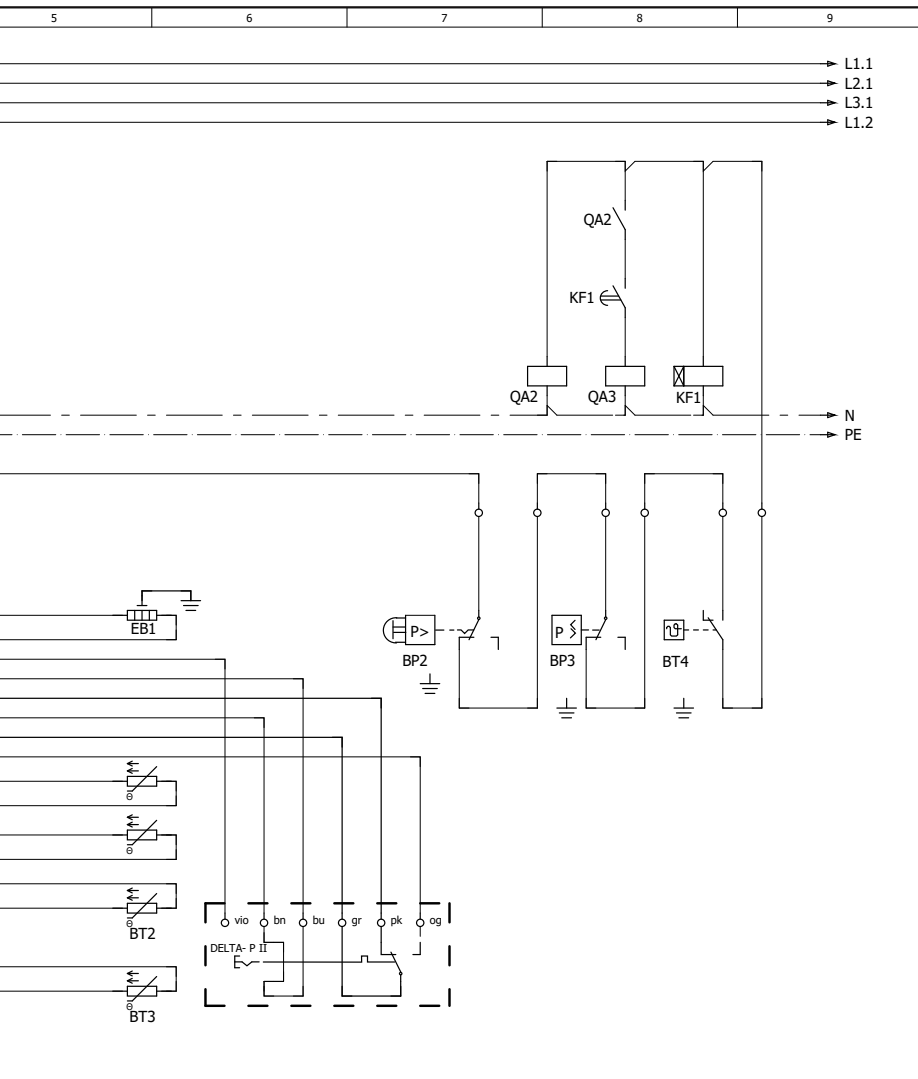


Fig. 11

BP2	High pressure safety monitor
BP3	Safety chain (high/low pressure monitoring)
BT1	Cold conductor (PTC sensor) motor winding
BT2	Thermal protection thermostat (PTC sensor)
BT3	Oil temperature sensor
BT4	Release switch (thermostat)
DELTA-P II	Oil differential pressure sensor DELTA-P II (accessorie)
EB1	Oil sump heater
EC1	Compressor motor

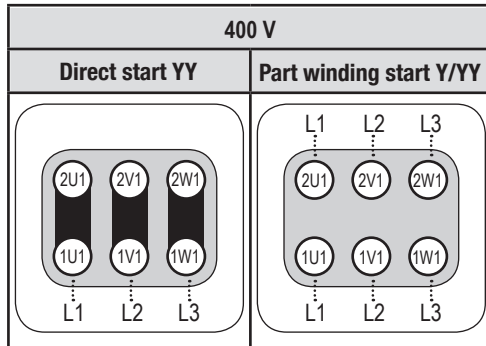


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FC1.1/1.2	Motor protection switch
FC2	Control power circuit fuse
INT69 G	Electronic trigger unit INT69 G
KF1	Delay relay for contactor switchover
QA1	Main switch
QA2	Mains contactor (part winding 1)
QA3	Mains contactor (part winding 2)
SF1	Control voltage switch

5| Electrical connection

The motor is wired for direct start (YY) at the factory. For part winding start Y / YY, the bridges must be removed and the motor feed line connected according to the circuit diagram:



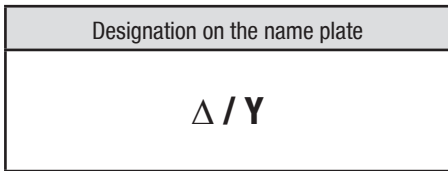
ATTENTION Failure to do this results in opposed rotary fields and results in damage to the motor. After the motor starts up via partial winding 1, partial winding 2 must be switched on after a maximum delay of one second. Failure to comply can adversely affect the service life of the motor.

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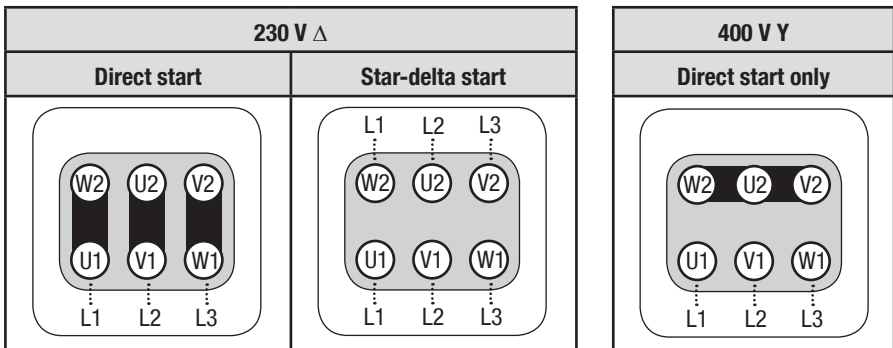
5| Electrical connection

5.4 Special motor: design for direct or star-delta start

A mechanical unloaded start with bypass solenoid valve is required for the star-delta start.



Star-delta start-up is only possible for 230 V power supply. Example:



GB

5.5 Basic circuit diagram for star-delta start with special motor

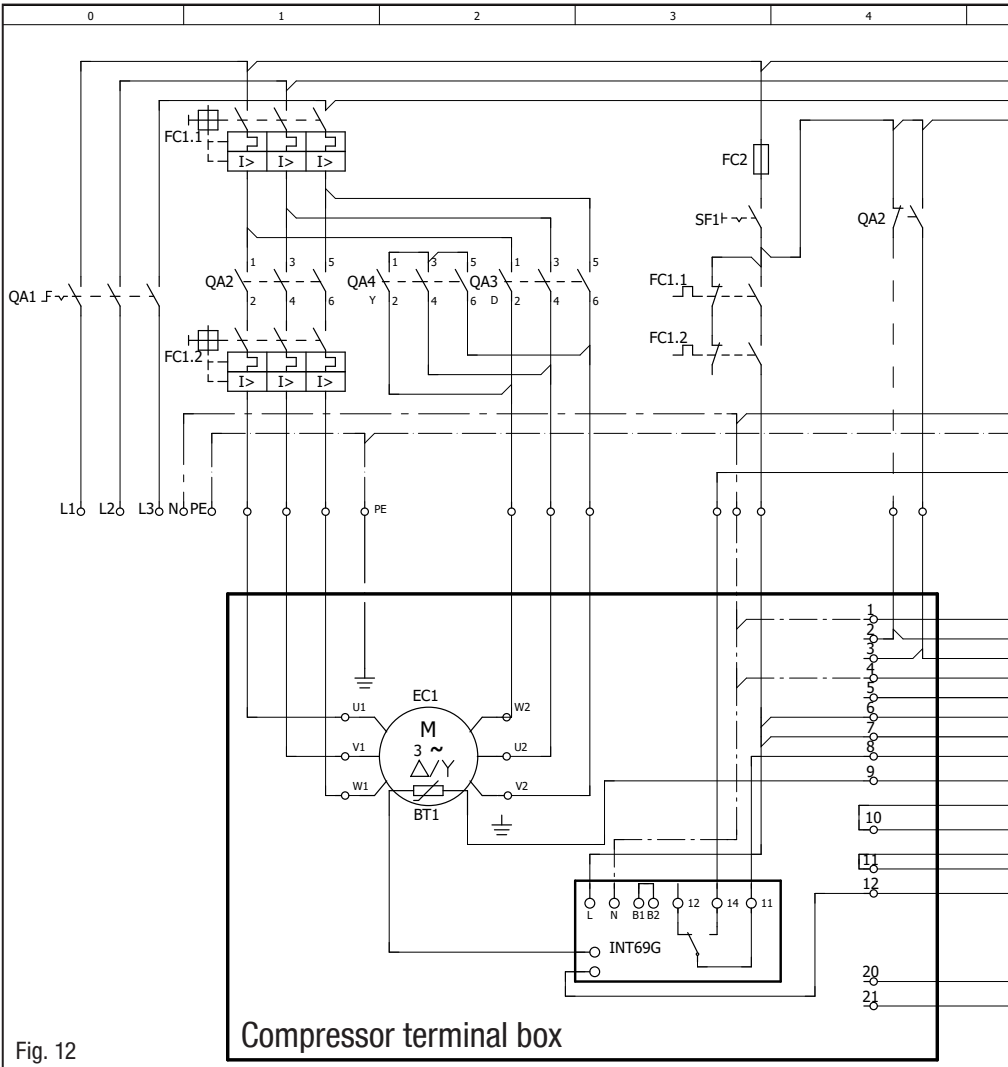
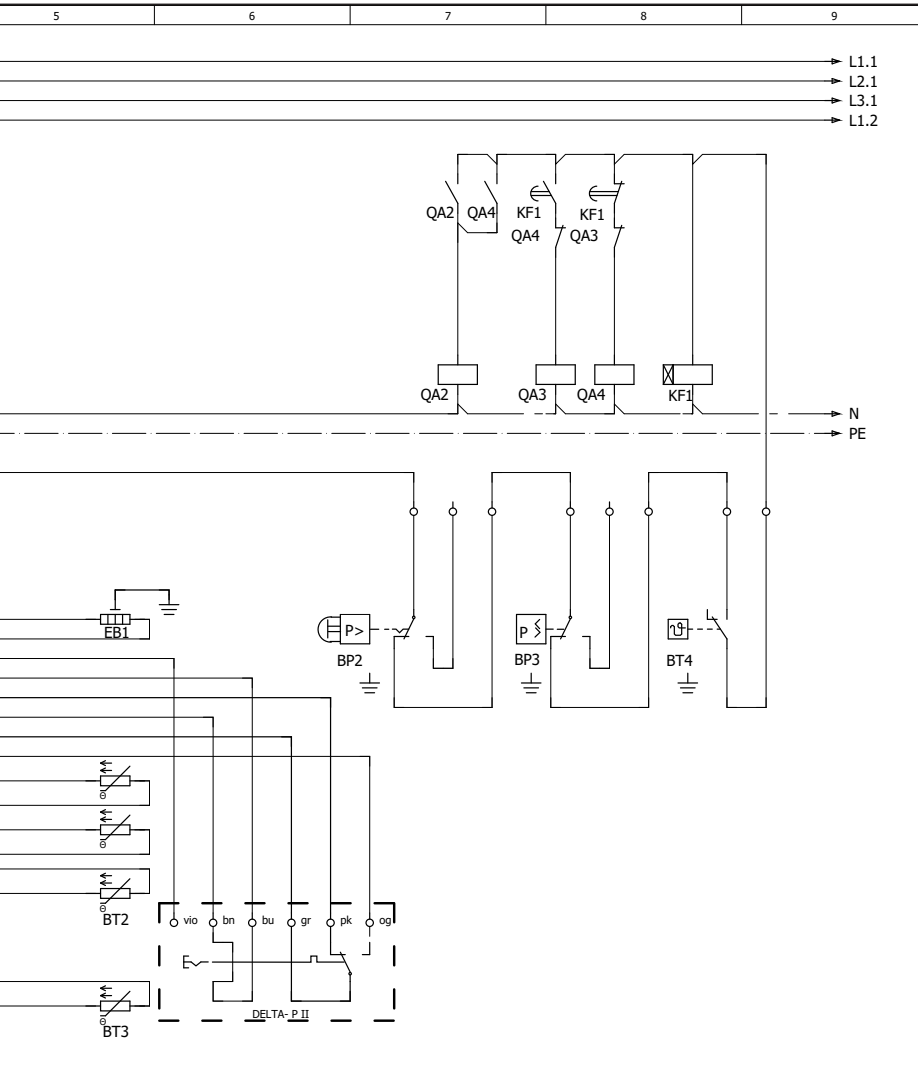


Fig. 12

Compressor terminal box

BP2	High pressure safety monitor
BP3	Safety chain (high/low pressure monitoring)
BT1	Cold conductor (PTC sensor) motor winding
BT2	Thermal protection thermostat (PTC sensor)
BT3	Oil temperature sensor
BT4	Release switch (thermostat)
DELTA PII	Oil differential pressure sensor DELTA-P II (accessorie)
EB1	Oil sump heater
EC1	Compressor motor



GB

FC1.1/1.2	Motor protection switch
FC2	Control power circuit fuse
INT69 G	Electronic trigger unit INT69 G
KF1	Delay relay for contactor switchover
QA1	Main switch
QA2	Mains contactor
QA3	Δ-contactor
QA4	Y-contactor
SF1	Control voltage switch

5| Electrical connection

5.6 Electronic trigger unit INT69 G

The compressor motor is fitted with cold conductor temperature sensors (PTC) connected to the electronic trigger unit INT69 G in the terminal box. In case of excess temperature in the motor winding, the INT69 G deactivates the motor contactor. Once cooled, it can be restarted only if the electronic lock of the output relay (terminals B1+B2) is released by interrupting the supply voltage.

The hot gas side of the compressor can also be protected against overtemperature using thermal protection thermostats (accessory).

The unit trips when an overload or inadmissible operating conditions occur. Find and remedy the cause.



INFO

The relay switching output is executed as a floating changeover contact. This electrical circuit operates according to the quiescent current principle, i.e. the relay drops into a the idle position and deactivates the motor contactor even in case of a sensor break or open circuit.

5.7 Connection of the trigger unit INT69 G



INFO

Connect the trigger unit INT69 G in accordance with the circuit diagram. Protect the trigger unit with a delayed-action fuse (FC2) of max. 4 A. In order to guarantee the protection function, install the trigger unit as the first element in the control power circuit.



ATTENTION

Measure circuit BT1 and BT2 (PTC sensor) must not come into contact with external voltage.

This would destroy the trigger unit INT69 G and PTC sensors.

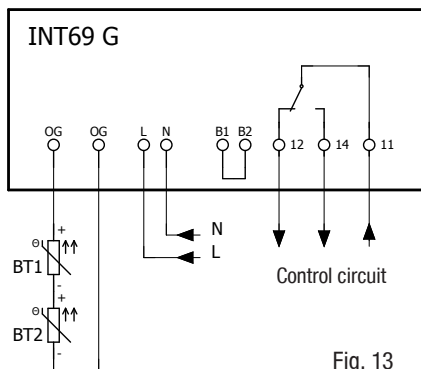


Fig. 13
Terminal box

5| Electrical connection

5.8 Function test of the trigger unit INT69 G

Before commissioning, after troubleshooting or making changes to the control power circuit, check the functionality of the trigger unit. Perform this check using a continuity tester or gauge.

Gauge state	Relay position
Deactivated state	11-12
INT69 G switch-on	11-14
Remove PTC connector	11-12
Insert PTC connector	11-12
Reset after mains on	11-14

Relay position INT69 G

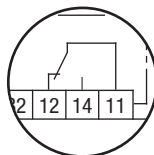


Fig. 14

5.9 Oil sump heater

When the compressor is at a standstill, refrigerant diffuses into the lubricating oil of the compressors housing, depending on pressure and ambient temperature. This reduces the lubricating capacity of the oil. When the compressor starts up, the refrigerant contained in the oil evaporates out through the reduction in pressure. The consequences can be foaming and migration of the oil, causing oil shocks under certain circumstances.

Operation: The oil sump heater operates when the compressor is at a standstill. When the compressor starts up, the oil sump heater switches off again automatically.

Connection: The oil sump heater must be connected via an auxiliary contact (or parallel wired auxiliary contact) of the compressor contactor to a separate electric circuit.

El. data: 230 V - 1 - 50/60 Hz, 160 W.

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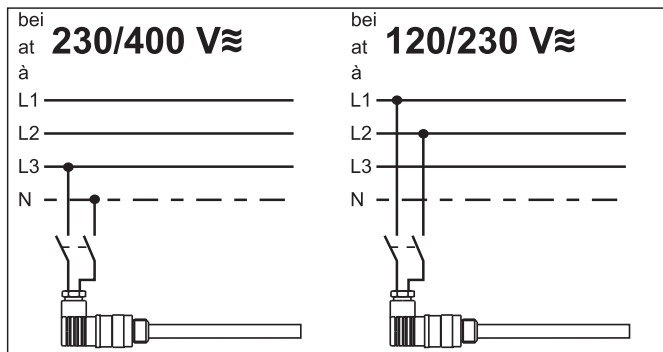


Fig. 15



ATTENTION Connection to the current path of the safety control chain is not permitted.

5| Electrical connection

5.10 Selection and operation of compressors with frequency converters

For safe operation of the compressor, the frequency converter must be able to apply an overload of at least 140% of the compressor's maximum current (I-max.) for at least 3 seconds.

When using frequency converters, the following things must also be observed:

1. The maximum permissible operating current of the compressor (I-max) (see type plate or technical data) must not be exceeded.
2. If abnormal vibrations occur in the system, the affected frequency ranges in the frequency converter must be blanked out accordingly.
3. The maximum output current of the frequency converter must be greater than the maximum current of the compressor (I-max).
4. After each compressor start, run for at least 1 minute at a frequency of at least 50 Hz.
5. Carry out all designs and installations in accordance with the local safety regulations and common rules (e.g. VDE) and regulations as well as in accordance with the specifications of the frequency converter manufacturer

The permissible frequency range can be found in the technical data.

Rotational speed range	0 - f-min	f-min - f-max
Start-up time	< 1 s	ca. 4 s
Switch-off time	immediately	

f-min/f-max see chapter: Technical data: adjustable frequency range

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6 | Commissioning

6.1 Preparations for start-up



INFO

To protect the compressor against inadmissible operating conditions, high pressure and low pressure pressostats are mandatory on the installation side.

The compressor has undergone trials in the factory and all functions have been tested. There are therefore no special running-in instructions.

Check the compressor for transport damage!

6.2 Pressure integrity test

The compressor has been tested in the factory for pressure integrity. If however the entire system is to be subjected to a pressure integrity test, this should be carried out in accordance with EN 378-2 or a corresponding safety standard **without the inclusion of the compressor**.

6.3 Leak test



DANGER

Risk of bursting!

The compressor must only be pressurised using nitrogen (N₂). Never pressurise with oxygen or other gases!

The maximum permissible overpressure of the compressor must not be exceeded at any time during the testing process (see name plate data)! Do not mix any refrigerant with the nitrogen as this could cause the ignition limit to shift into the critical range.

GB

- Carry out the leak test on the refrigerating plant in accordance with EN 378-2 or a corresponding safety standard, while always observing the maximum permissible overpressure for the compressor.

6.4 Evacuation



ATTENTION

Do not start the compressor if it is under vacuum. Do not apply any voltage - even for test purposes (must only be operated with refrigerant).

Under vacuum, the spark-over and creepage current distances of the terminal board connection bolts shorten; this can result in winding and terminal board damage.

- First evacuate the **system** and then include **the compressor in the evacuation process**.
- Relieve the compressor pressure.
- Open the suction and pressure line shut-off valves.
- Evacuate the suction and discharge pressure sides using the vacuum pump.
- At the end of the evacuation process, the vacuum should be < 1.5 mbar when the pump is switched off.
- Repeat this process as often as is required.

6| Commissioning

6.5 Refrigerant charge



CAUTION Wear personal protective clothing such as goggles and protective gloves!

- Make sure that the suction and pressure line shut-off valves are open.
- With the compressor switched off, add the liquid refrigerant directly to the condenser or receiver, breaking the vacuum.
- If the refrigerant needs topping up after starting the compressor, it can be topped up in vapour form on the suction side, or, taking suitable precautions, also in liquid form at the inlet to the evaporator.



ATTENTION

- **Avoid overfilling the system with refrigerant!**
- **To avoid shifts in concentration, zeotropic refrigerant blends must always only be filled into the refrigerating plant in liquid form.**
- **Do not pour liquid coolant through the suction line valve on the compressor.**
- **It is not permissible to mix additives with the oil and refrigerant.**

GB

6.6 Start-up



WARNING Ensure that both shut-off valves are open before starting the compressor!

- Check that the safety and protection devices (pressure switch, motor protection, electrical contact protection measures, etc.) are all functioning properly.
- Switch on the compressor and let it run for at least 1 minute at a frequency of at least 50 Hz. Only then may the speed of the compressor be reduced.
- **Check the oil level by:** The oil must be visible in the sightglass.



ATTENTION If larger quantities of oil have to be topped up, there is a risk of oil hammer effects.
If this is the case check the oil return!

6 | Commissioning

6.7 Avoiding slugging



ATTENTION Slugging can damage the compressor and cause refrigerant to leak.

To prevent slugging:

- The complete refrigeration system must be properly designed.
- All components must be compatibly rated with each other with regard to output (particularly the evaporator and expansion valves).
- Suction gas superheat at the compressor input **should be min. 7 - 10 K.** (check the setting of the expansion valve).
- The system must reach a state of equilibrium.
- Particularly in critical systems (e.g. several evaporator points), measures are recommended such as replacement of liquid traps, solenoid valve in the liquid line, etc.

There should be no movement of coolant whatsoever while the compressor is at a standstill.

The use of a check valve is strongly recommended, especially for heat pump applications. Otherwise there is a risk of back condensation, which can result in compressor damage.

6.8 Connection of oil level regulator

Oil level regulation systems have proven themselves with parallel circuits of several compressors. The connection "O" is provided for installing an oil level regulator (see dimensions drawing). All common oil level regulators from AC&R, ESK and Carly as well as the OM3 TraxOil oil level regulation system from Alco can be connected directly without adapters (see Fig. 16). A sight glass on the oil level regulator is not required.

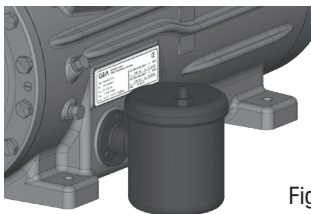
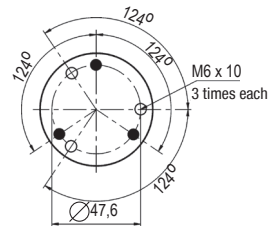


Fig. 16

Mechanical oil level regulator at the "O" connection



- 3 hole connection diagram for ESK, AC&R and CARLY
- 3 hole diagram for TraxOil

7 | Maintenance

7.1 Preparation



WARNING

Before starting any work on the compressor:

- Switch off the compressor and secure it to prevent a restart.
- Relieve compressor of system pressure.
- Prevent air from infiltrating the system!

After maintenance has been performed:

- Connect safety switch.
- Evacuate compressor.
- Release switch lock.

7.2 Work to be carried out

In order to guarantee optimum operational reliability and service life of the compressor, **we recommend** carrying out servicing and inspection work at regular intervals:

● Oil change:

- not mandatory for factory-produced series systems.
- for field installations or when operating near the application limit: for the first time after 100 to 200 operating hours, then approx. every 3 years or 10,000 - 12,000 operating hours. Dispose of used oil according to the regulations; observe national regulations.

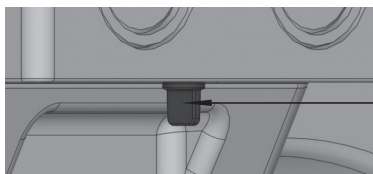
- **Annual checks:** Oil level, leak tightness, running noises, pressures, temperatures, function of auxiliary devices such as oil sump heater, pressure switch.

7.3 Condensate drainage

The terminal box has the option for Condensate drainage (see Fig. 17).



ATTENTION When the condensate drain is used, the protection rating of the terminal box is reduced from IP65 to IP32!



Condensate drainage

Fig. 17

7.4 Spare parts recommendation/accessories

Available spare parts and accessories can be found on our compressor selection tool under vap.bock.de as well as at bockshop.bock.de.

Only use genuine Bock spare parts!

7 | Maintenance

7.5 Lubricants / oil

The oil type filled as standard in the factory is marked on the **name plate**, and this should always be used, even in the case of maintenance units. **Alternative oil types** can vary significantly in quality due to additives or inferior raw materials by the manufacturer. Validation within the compressors entire operating limits can not be guaranteed, if such alternative oil types are used. It is for this reason, that we only recommend the use of oil from Bock! Bock assumes no liability for any damage arising from alternative oil types.

Refrigerants	Bock standard oil types
HFC (e.g. R134a, R407C, R404A)	BOCK lub E55
HCFC (e.g. R22)	BOCK lub A46

7.6 Decommissioning

Close the shut-off valves on the compressor. Drain the refrigerant (it must not be discharged into the environment) and dispose of it according to the regulations. When the compressor is depressurised, undo the fastening screws of the shut-off valves. Remove the compressor using an appropriate hoist. Dispose of the oil inside in accordance with the applicable national regulations.

GB

8 | Accessories

8.1 Capacity regulator



ATTENTION If the capacity regulator is installed at the factory, it is subsequently installed and connected by the customer.

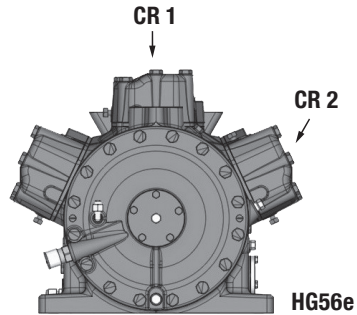
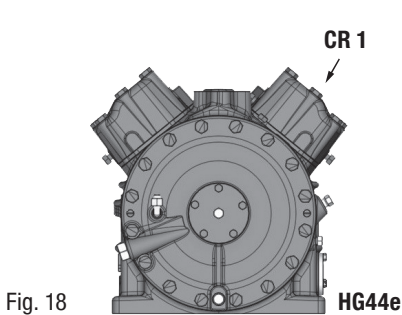


Fig. 18

HG44e

HG56e

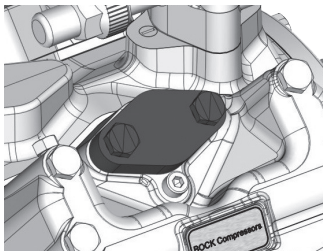


Fig. 19

Delivery condition 1 (from the factory):
Cylinder cover prepared for capacity regulator.

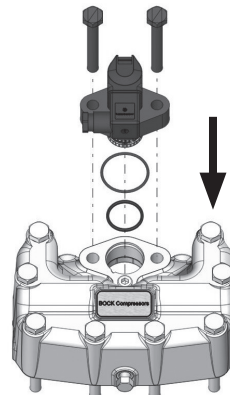


Fig. 20

Before commissioning, the blind flange with screws must be removed and replaced by the new set capacity regulator with O-ring joints and screws. Observe position and construction of the capacity regulator.

**Attention! Compressor is under pressure!
Depressurize the compressor first.**

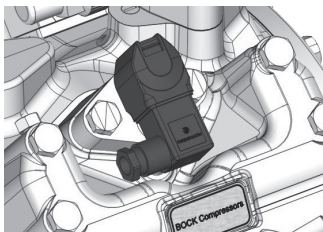


Fig. 21

Delivery condition 2 (from the factory):
Connect capacity regulator in terminal box or
switch cabinet.

8 | Accessories



WARNING Several capacity regulators cannot switch at the same time during compressor operation! Otherwise the sudden change in load can damage the compressor! Comply with the switching interval of 60 s.

- Comply with the switching sequence:
Switching on CR1 — 60s → CR2
Switching off CR2 — 60s → CR1



ATTENTION • Capacity-regulated operation alters the gas speeds and pressure ratios of the refrigerating plant: Adjust the suction line routing and dimensioning accordingly, do not set the control intervals too close and do not let the system switch more than 12 times per hour (refrigerating plant must have reached a state of equilibrium). Continuous operation in the control stage is not recommended as the gas velocity in the plant system under certain circumstances does not guarantee sufficient oil return to the compressor with activated capacity regulator.

We recommend switching to unregulated operation (100% capacity) for at least 5 minutes per capacity-regulated operating hour. An assured oil return can also be realised by a 100% capacity requirement after each compressor restart.

- Electrical actuation of the solenoid valve: Normally open, (corresponds to 100 % compressor capacity).

GB

Special accessories are only premounted in the factory if ordered specially by customer. Retrofitting is possible in full compliance with the safety instructions and repair instructions enclosed with the kits. Information about the use, operation, maintenance and servicing of the components is available in the printed literature or on the internet under www.bock.de.

For the capacity regulator a step protection is optional available, Art-Nr. *097B81449.

* Please note that the legacy BOCK code numbers are without 097B

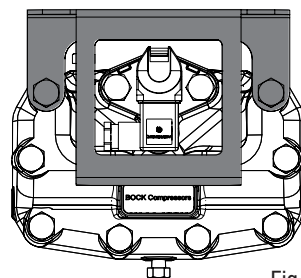


Fig. 22

9 | Technical data

GB

Type	No. of cylinders		Displacement (1450 / 1740 rpm)		Voltage		Max. operating current		Max. power consumption		Starting current (rotor locked)		Adjustable frequency range		Weight		Connections		Oil charge (sight glass centre)	
	50 / 60 Hz		m ³ /h		V		A		kW		A		Hz		kg		mm (inch)		ltr	
475-4	41.3 / 49.6		41.3 / 49.6		380-420 V Y/YY - 3 - 50 Hz PW 440-480 V Y/YY - 3 - 60 Hz PW PW = Part Winding Winding ratio : 50 % / 50 %		19		11.0		65 / 109		25 - 70		164		35 (1 3/8)		2.3	
475-4 S	41.3 / 49.6		41.3 / 49.6				23		13.1		87 / 149				168					
565-4	49.2 / 59.0		49.2 / 59.0				22		13.2		65 / 109				164					
565-4 S	49.2 / 59.0		49.2 / 59.0				26		15.6		101 / 174				170		28 (1 1/8)		2.7	
665-4	57.7 / 69.2		57.7 / 69.2				26		15.4		87 / 149				171					
665-4 S	57.7 / 69.2		57.7 / 69.2				30		18.3		101 / 174				168		42 (1 5/8)			
770-4	67.0 / 80.4		67.0 / 80.4				30		17.8		101 / 174				168					
770-4 S	67.0 / 80.4		67.0 / 80.4				35		21.4		101 / 174				168					

① Tolerance (± 10%) relative to the mean value of the voltage range.

Other voltages and types of current on request.

② - The specifications for max. power consumption apply for 50Hz operation.

For 60Hz operation, the specifications have to be multiplied by the factor 1.2.
The max. working current remains unchanged.

- Take account of the max. operating current / max. power consumption for design of fuses, supply lines and safety devices.

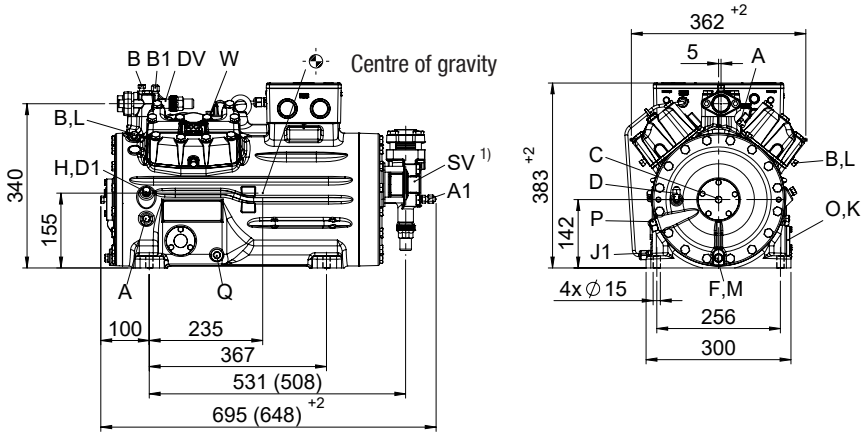
Fuse: Consumption category AC3

③ All specifications are based on the average of the voltage range

④ For solder connections

10|Dimensions and connections

HG44e



¹⁾SV + DV 90° rotatable

Dimensions in mm

Fig. 23

Dimensions in () = HG(X)44e/475-4 (S)

HG(X)44e/565-4

SV	Suction line	see technical data, Chapter 9
DV	Discharge line	
A	Connection suction side, not lockable	1/8" NPTF
A1	Connection suction side, lockable	7/16" UNF
B	Connection discharge side, not lockable	1/8" NPTF
B1	Connection discharge side, lockable	7/16" UNF
C	Connection oil pressure safety switch	1/8" NPTF
D	Connection oil pressure switch LP	7/16" UNF
D1	Connection oil return from oil separator	1/4" NPTF
F	Oil drain	M12 x 1,5
H	Oil charge plug	1/4" NPTF
J1	Oil sump heater	3/8" NPTF
K	Sight glass	3 x M6
L	Connection thermal protection thermostat	1/8" NPTF
M	Oil filter	M12 x 1,5
O	Connection oil level regulator	3 x M6
P	Connection oil pressure differential sensor	M20x1,5
Q	Connection oil temperature sensor	1/8" NPTF
W	Connection for refrigerant injection	1/8" NPTF

10 | Dimensions and connections

HG56e

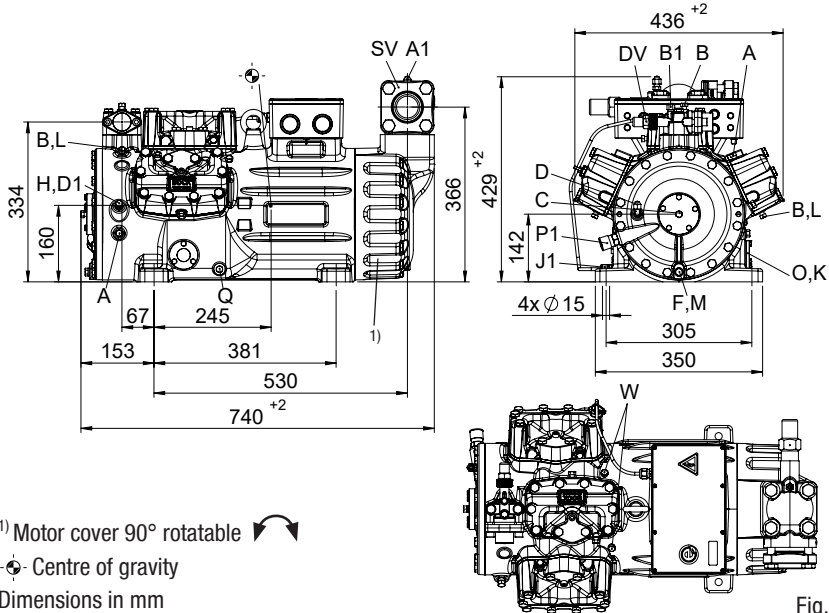


Fig. 24

GB

SV	Suction line	see technical data, Chapter 9	
DV	Discharge line	see technical data, Chapter 9	
A	Connection suction side, not lockable		1/8" NPTF
A1	Connection suction side, lockable		7/16" UNF
B	Connection discharge side, not lockable		1/8" NPTF
B1	Connection discharge side, lockable		7/16" UNF
C	Connection oil pressure safety switch		1/8" NPTF
D	Connection oil pressure switch LP		7/16" UNF
D1	Connection oil return from oil separator		1/4" NPTF
F	Oil drain		M12 x 1,5
H	Oil charge plug		1/4" NPTF
J1	Oil sump heater		3/8" NPTF
K	Sight glass		3 x M6
L	Connection thermal protection thermostat		1/8" NPTF
M	Oil filter		M12 x 1,5
O	Connection oil level regulator		3 x M6
P1	Oil differential pressure sensor		M20 x 1,5
Q	Connection oil temperature sensor		1/8" NPTF
W	Connection for refrigerant injection		2 x 1/8" NPTF

11 | Declaration of incorporation

Declaration of incorporation for incomplete machinery in accordance with EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Annex II 1. B

Manufacturer: Bock Compressor India Pvt Ltd
#3A1, Bommasandra Industrial Area, Hebbagodi, Hosur Road,
Bangalore – 560099

We, as manufacturer, declare in sole responsibility that the incomplete machinery

Name: Semi-hermetic compressor
Types: HG(X)22e/125-4 (S)(A).....HG(X)66e/2070-4(S)(A)

Name: Open type compressor
Types: FKX40/470 K.....FKX40/755 K

Serial number: BB00000A001 – BZ99999Z999

complies with the following provisions of the above-mentioned Directive:

According to Annex I, points 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.3, 1.3.7, 1.5.1, 1.5.2, 1.5.13 and 1.7.1 to 1.7.4 (excepted 1.7.4 f) are fulfilled.

Applied harmonised standards, in particular:

EN ISO 12100 :2010 Safety of machinery — General principles for design — Risk assessment and risk reduction
EN 12693 :2008 Refrigerating systems and heat pumps — Safety and environmental requirements — Positive displacement refrigerant compressors

Remarks: We also declare that the special technical documentation for this incomplete machine has been created in accordance with Annex VII, Part B and we obligate to provide these upon reasoned request from the individual national authorities by data transfer.

Commissioning is prohibited until it has been confirmed that the machinery into which the incomplete machine above is to be incorporated complies with the EC Machinery Directive and an EC Declaration of Conformity, Annex II. 1. A exists.

Authorized person for compiling and handing over technical documentation:

Bock GmbH
Alexander Layh
Benzstraße 7
72636 Frickenhausen, Germany

Bock Compressor India Pvt Ltd
Sivakumar Gopalan
#3A1, Bommasandra Industrial Area, Hebbagodi,
Hosur Road, Bangalore – 560099



Sivakumar Gopalan, Head - Operations, BOCK India - CC-HP

Frickenhausen, 05th of December 2023

11 | Declaration of incorporation

Declaration of incorporation of partly completed machinery in accordance with UK Statutory Instrument Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008, Annex II 1. B



Manufacturer: Bock Compressor India Pvt Ltd
#3A1, Bommasandra Industrial Area, Hebbagodi, Hosur Road,
Bangalore – 560099

We, as manufacturer, declare in sole responsibility that the partly completed machinery

Name: Semi-hermetic compressor
Types: HG(X)22e/125-4 (S)(A).....HG(X)66e/2070-4(S)(A)
Name: Open type compressor
Types: FKX40/470 K.....FKX40/755 K
Serial number: BC00000A001 – BZ99999Z999

complies with the following provisions of the above-mentioned Statutory instrument:

According to Schedule 2, part1, points 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.3, 1.3.7, 1.5.1, 1.5.2, 1.5.13 and 1.7.1 to 1.7.4 (excepted 1.7.4 f) are fulfilled.

Designated standards: EN ISO 12100 :2010 Safety of machinery — General principles for design — Risk assessment and risk reduction
EN 12693 :2008 Refrigerating systems and heat pumps — Safety and environmental requirements — Positive displacement refrigerant compressors

Remarks: We also declare that the special technical documentation for this partly completed machine has been created in accordance with Annex II, 1. B and we obligate to provide these upon reasoned request from the individual national authorities by data transfer.

GB

Commissioning is prohibited until it has been confirmed that the machinery into which the partly completed machine above is to be incorporated complies with the UK Statutory Instrument Supply machinery (Safety) regulations 2008 and an EC Declaration of Conformity, Annex II, 1. A exists.

Authorized representative for compiling and handing over technical documentation:

Danfoss LTD., 22 Wycombe End,
HP9 1NB, GB

Bock Compressor India Pvt Ltd
Sivakumar Gopalan
#3A1, Bommasandra Industrial Area, Hebbagodi,
Hosur Road, Bangalore – 560099

Sivakumar Gopalan, Head - Operations, BOCK India - CC-HP
Frickenhausen, 05th of December 2023

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